
lazysequence

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A lazy sequence makes an iterator look like an immutable sequence:

```
from lazysequence import lazysequence

def load_records():
    return range(10) # let's pretend this is expensive

records = lazysequence(load_records())
if not records:
    raise SystemExit("no records found")

first, second = records[:2]

print("The first record is", first)
print("The second record is", second)

for record in records.release(): # do not cache all records in memory
    print("record", record)
```


WHY?

Sometimes you need to peek ahead at items returned by an iterator. But what if later code needs to see all the items from the iterator? Then you have some options:

1. Pass any consumed items separately. This can get messy, though.
2. Copy the iterator into a sequence beforehand, if that does not take a lot of space or time.
3. Duplicate the iterator using `itertools.tee`, or write your own custom `itertool` that buffers consumed items internally. There are some good examples of this approach on SO, by [Alex Martelli](#), [Raymond Hettinger](#), and [Ned Batchelder](#).

A lazy sequence combines advantages from option 2 and option 3. It is an immutable sequence that wraps the iterable and caches consumed items in an internal buffer. By implementing `collections.abc.Sequence`, lazy sequences provide the full set of sequence operations on the iterable. Unlike a copy (option 2), but like a duplicate (option 3), items are only consumed and stored in memory as far as required for any given operation.

There are some caveats:

- The lazy sequence will eventually store all items in memory. If this is a problem, use `s.release()` to obtain an iterator over the sequence items without further caching. After calling this function, the sequence should no longer be used.
- Explicit is better than implicit. Clients may be better off being passed an iterator and dealing with its limitations. For example, clients may not expect `len(s)` to incur the cost of consuming the iterator to its end.

INSTALLATION

You can install *lazysequence* via `pip` from `PyPI`:

```
$ pip install lazysequence
```


CONTRIBUTING

Contributions are very welcome. To learn more, see the [Contributor Guide](#).

LICENSE

Distributed under the terms of the [MIT license](#), *lazysequence* is free and open source software.

ISSUES

If you encounter any problems, please [file an issue](#) along with a detailed description.

This project was generated from [@cjolowicz's Hypermodern Python Cookiecutter template](#).

6.1 Reference

- *lazysequence*

6.1.1 lazysequence

Lazy sequences.

```
>>> from lazysequence import lazysequence
>>>
>>> def load_records():
...     return range(10) # let's pretend this is expensive
...
>>> records = lazysequence(load_records())
>>> if not records:
...     raise SystemExit("no records found")
...
>>> first, second = records[:2]
>>>
>>> print("The first record is", first)
The first record is 0
>>> print("The second record is", second)
The second record is 1
>>>
>>> for record in records.release(): # do not cache all records in memory
...     print("record", record)
...
record 0
record 1
record 2
record 3
record 4
record 5
record 6
```

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```
record 7
record 8
record 9
```

class lazysequence.**lazysequence**(iterable, *, _cache=None, _slice=_slice(start=None, stop=None, step=1))
 A lazy sequence provides sequence operations on an iterable.

Parameters

- **iterable** (*Iterable*[*T_co*]) – The iterable being wrapped.
- **_cache** (*Optional*[*MutableSequence*[*T_co*]]) –
- **_slice** (*_slice*) –

Return type None

release()

Iterate over the sequence without caching additional items.

The sequence should no longer be used after calling this function. The same applies to slices of the sequence obtained by using `s[i:j]`.

Yields The items in the sequence.

Return type *Iterator*[*lazysequence._T_co*]

6.2 Contributor Guide

Thank you for your interest in improving this project. This project is open-source under the [MIT license](#) and welcomes contributions in the form of bug reports, feature requests, and pull requests.

Here is a list of important resources for contributors:

- [Source Code](#)
- [Documentation](#)
- [Issue Tracker](#)
- [Code of Conduct](#)

6.2.1 How to report a bug

Report bugs on the [Issue Tracker](#).

When filing an issue, make sure to answer these questions:

- Which operating system and Python version are you using?
- Which version of this project are you using?
- What did you do?
- What did you expect to see?
- What did you see instead?

The best way to get your bug fixed is to provide a test case, and/or steps to reproduce the issue.

6.2.2 How to request a feature

Request features on the [Issue Tracker](#).

6.2.3 How to set up your development environment

You need Python 3.7+ and the following tools:

- [Poetry](#)
- [Nox](#)
- [nox-poetry](#)

Install the package with development requirements:

```
$ poetry install
```

You can now run an interactive Python session, or the command-line interface:

```
$ poetry run python
$ poetry run lazysequence
```

6.2.4 How to test the project

Run the full test suite:

```
$ nox
```

List the available Nox sessions:

```
$ nox --list-sessions
```

You can also run a specific Nox session. For example, invoke the unit test suite like this:

```
$ nox --session=tests
```

Unit tests are located in the `tests` directory, and are written using the [pytest](#) testing framework.

6.2.5 How to submit changes

Open a [pull request](#) to submit changes to this project.

Your pull request needs to meet the following guidelines for acceptance:

- The Nox test suite must pass without errors and warnings.
- Include unit tests. This project maintains 100% code coverage.
- If your changes add functionality, update the documentation accordingly.

Feel free to submit early, though—we can always iterate on this.

To run linting and code formatting checks before committing your change, you can install pre-commit as a Git hook by running the following command:

```
$ nox --session=pre-commit -- install
```

It is recommended to open an issue before starting work on anything. This will allow a chance to talk it over with the owners and validate your approach.

6.3 Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct

6.3.1 Our Pledge

We as members, contributors, and leaders pledge to make participation in our community a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of age, body size, visible or invisible disability, ethnicity, sex characteristics, gender identity and expression, level of experience, education, socio-economic status, nationality, personal appearance, race, religion, or sexual identity and orientation.

We pledge to act and interact in ways that contribute to an open, welcoming, diverse, inclusive, and healthy community.

6.3.2 Our Standards

Examples of behavior that contributes to a positive environment for our community include:

- Demonstrating empathy and kindness toward other people
- Being respectful of differing opinions, viewpoints, and experiences
- Giving and gracefully accepting constructive feedback
- Accepting responsibility and apologizing to those affected by our mistakes, and learning from the experience
- Focusing on what is best not just for us as individuals, but for the overall community

Examples of unacceptable behavior include:

- The use of sexualized language or imagery, and sexual attention or advances of any kind
- Trolling, insulting or derogatory comments, and personal or political attacks
- Public or private harassment
- Publishing others' private information, such as a physical or email address, without their explicit permission
- Other conduct which could reasonably be considered inappropriate in a professional setting

6.3.3 Enforcement Responsibilities

Community leaders are responsible for clarifying and enforcing our standards of acceptable behavior and will take appropriate and fair corrective action in response to any behavior that they deem inappropriate, threatening, offensive, or harmful.

Community leaders have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct, and will communicate reasons for moderation decisions when appropriate.

6.3.4 Scope

This Code of Conduct applies within all community spaces, and also applies when an individual is officially representing the community in public spaces. Examples of representing our community include using an official e-mail address, posting via an official social media account, or acting as an appointed representative at an online or offline event.

6.3.5 Enforcement

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported to the community leaders responsible for enforcement at mail@claudiojlowicz.com. All complaints will be reviewed and investigated promptly and fairly.

All community leaders are obligated to respect the privacy and security of the reporter of any incident.

6.3.6 Enforcement Guidelines

Community leaders will follow these Community Impact Guidelines in determining the consequences for any action they deem in violation of this Code of Conduct:

1. Correction

Community Impact: Use of inappropriate language or other behavior deemed unprofessional or unwelcome in the community.

Consequence: A private, written warning from community leaders, providing clarity around the nature of the violation and an explanation of why the behavior was inappropriate. A public apology may be requested.

2. Warning

Community Impact: A violation through a single incident or series of actions.

Consequence: A warning with consequences for continued behavior. No interaction with the people involved, including unsolicited interaction with those enforcing the Code of Conduct, for a specified period of time. This includes avoiding interactions in community spaces as well as external channels like social media. Violating these terms may lead to a temporary or permanent ban.

3. Temporary Ban

Community Impact: A serious violation of community standards, including sustained inappropriate behavior.

Consequence: A temporary ban from any sort of interaction or public communication with the community for a specified period of time. No public or private interaction with the people involved, including unsolicited interaction with those enforcing the Code of Conduct, is allowed during this period. Violating these terms may lead to a permanent ban.

4. Permanent Ban

Community Impact: Demonstrating a pattern of violation of community standards, including sustained inappropriate behavior, harassment of an individual, or aggression toward or disparagement of classes of individuals.

Consequence: A permanent ban from any sort of public interaction within the community.

6.3.7 Attribution

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the [Contributor Covenant](https://www.contributor-covenant.org/version/2/0/code_of_conduct.html), version 2.0, available at https://www.contributor-covenant.org/version/2/0/code_of_conduct.html.

Community Impact Guidelines were inspired by [Mozilla's code of conduct enforcement ladder](#).

For answers to common questions about this code of conduct, see the FAQ at <https://www.contributor-covenant.org/faq>. Translations are available at <https://www.contributor-covenant.org/translations>.

6.4 MIT License

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